#### CHIEF SECRETARIAT.

### No. P. 8303-P. P. 93-35-2, dated 15-17th June 1936.

A list of Examinations recognised as equivalent to the Matriculation Examination for purposes of admission to the Public Services in India is hereby published for general information:—

List of examinations recognised by various Provincial Governments as equivalent to the Matriculation Examination for purposes of admission to Public Services in their Provinces.

- 1. Secondary School Leaving Certificate Examination of Madras.
- 2. Madras European High School Examination.

Bangalore European High School Examination.
 The Departmental School Final Examination of Bombay. (This examination is

not held now).

5. Bombay Government Commercial Diploma Examination. (Prior to 1932 it was called "Bombay Government Commercial and Clerical Certificate Examination").

6. Dufferin Final Passing out Certificate Examination of the Indian Mercantile Marine Training Ship "Dufferin" School of Bombay.

 High School Examination of the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca.

8. High Madrasah Examination of the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca.

9. Higher Grade Schools' Final Examination for Europeon Schools in Bengal.

10. High School Examination of the Board of High School and Intermediate Education, United Provinces.

11. School Leaving Certificate Examination of the United Provinces. (This Examination is not held now).

12. "Admission" Examination of Benarcs Hindu University.

13. High School Examination of Aligarh Muslim University.

- 14 Diploma Examination of the Royal Indian Military College, Dehra Dun, so long as the syllabus and the standard of the Examination continue to be the same as those for the Diploma Examination of the Chiefs' Colleges.
- 15. Government High School Examination for European Schools in the Punjab.

 Government Training Class Diploma and Chelmsford Training Class Examination of Ghora Gali School.

17. Anglo-Vernacular High School Examination of Burma.

18. English High School Examination of Burma.

 High School Certificate Examination of the Board of High School Education, Central Provinces.

20. Assam-Madrasa Final Examination with English. (This Examination is considered as equivalent to the Matriculation Examination of Calcutta University for the purpose of appointments to posts in which a high standard of English is less important than a good general education).

21. High School Examination of the Board of Secondary Education, Delhi.

22. School Leaving Certificate Examination of the Board of Secondary Education, Delhi.

- 23. High School Examination of the Board of the High School and Intermediate Education, Rajputana (including Ajmer-Merwara) Central India and Gwaliar.
- 24. High School Leaving Certificate Examination of Hyderabad (Deccan).

25. Secondary School Leaving Certificate Examination of Mysore.

- The Senior London Chamber of Commerce Certificate Examination in the following subjects:
  - i. English.
  - ii. Commercial Arithmetic.
  - iii. Commercial Geography.
  - iv. Book-keeping and Accountancy and in two of the following subjects, viz.,—Shorthand. Typewriting, Secretarial Practice, Modern Office Appliances and Systems, Banking and Currency.
- 27. Cambridge School Certificate Examination (formerly called the Cambridge Senior Local Examination).

# Qualifications of Recognition of the Examinations.

Madras Government do not take the Matriculation Examination of any of the Universities as the standard for purposes of admission to Public Services. But the minimum general educational qualification required by the Government for the purpose is that a candidate must—

- (a) either have obtained a completed Secondary School Leaving Certificate issued under the authority of the Government of Madras (No. 1 in the list), and
- (1) if such a certificate was obtained in pursuance of the revised Secondary School Leaving Certificate Scheme introduced by G. O. No. 1636, Law (Education), dated the 3rd August 1929, the certificate must show that the candidate has obtained at the Public Examination not less than the percentage of marks specified below in the subjects under Group "A" and not less than 35 per cent in one of the subjects in Group "C":—

| Group "A."             |         | A         |     | Per c | ent . |
|------------------------|---------|-----------|-----|-------|-------|
| English                | •••     | •         | ••• | 40    |       |
| A Language             | •••     |           |     | 40    | •     |
| Elementary Mathematics |         |           | ,   | 35    |       |
| Elementary Science     | 1       |           |     | 30    |       |
| Outlines of History of | England | and India | and |       |       |
| Geography              |         | -         |     | 30    | 1     |

Provided that a candidate belonging to any community other than the Brahman or the Non-Brahman (Hindu) shall, if he has obtained not less than 35 per cent in English and in the language in Group "A" and not less than the percentage of marks specified above in the other subjects under that group and 35 per cent in one of the subjects under Group "C" be eligible for appointment to any Subordinate Service until the 31st December 1936; and

- (2) if such certificate was obtained in pursuance of the Secondary School Leaving Certificate Scheme which was in operation before the revised scheme referred to in subclause (i), the certificate must show that the candidate has obtained at the Public Examination not less than 35 per cent of the marks in each of the subjects in Group "A" and in each of the two subjects in Group "C".
- Note.—(i) The certificate of pupils who have been exempted from Vernacular Composition and Translation in Group "A" will not be considered incomplete because they contain no entry under that subject.
- (ii) A pass in a Government Technical Examination will be regarded as equivalent to obtaining 35 per cent marks in the corresponding subject in the Secondary School Leaving Certificate Public Examination; for this purpose, where in the latter examination, the technical subject comprises two subjects in the Government Technical Examination, passes in at least the lower grade are required in both the subjects in the Government Technical Examination; or
  - (b) have passed the European High School Examination held under the authority of the Government of Madras with either Tamil, Telugu, Malayalam, Kanarese, Hindustani or Oriva as his compulsory second language (No. 2 in the list).

A pass in no other examination is recognised as equivalent to the prescribed qualification; each such case is considered on its merits as it arises.

Bombay Government recognises Nos. 4, 5, 26 and 27.

Bengal Government recognises Nos. 7, 8, 9 and 27 (provided the candidate passes the examination in—

- (1) English Composition and Literature,
- (2) Mathematics (Arithmetic, Geometry and Algebra),
- (3) A classical language, and
- (4) any one of the following subjects, viz., (History, Geography, Trigonometry with Analytical Geometry or Calculus, Applied Mathematics, Chemistry, Physics, Experimental Science, Hygiene, Religious knowledge).

In United Provinces, Government recognises Nos. 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 27 (provided a student has passed in five of such subjects as are recognised for the High School Examination of the Board of High School and Intermediate Education, United Provinces).

The Punjab Government recognises Nos. 1, 2, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 (provided Mathematics is included), 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27.

The Punjab Government have also recognised the following examinations:—

(i) Second Class Teachers' Examination, Mauritius, Schools Department.

(ii) Oxford School Certificate Examination (provided the subjects taken up by the candidate satisfied the requirements of the Marticulation Examination of the Punjab University).

(iii) Matriculation Examination, Hongkong. (iv) Matriculation Examination, Sydney.

(v) European School Final Examination (qualifying for entering a College in Burma) of Rangoon.

(vi) Training Institution Examination of United Provinces for Women Teachers.

(vii) School Certificate of the General School Examination, London.

(viii) Matriculation Examination, London.

Burma Government recognises Nos. 17 and 18.

Bihar and Orissa "No general orders have been issued."

Central Provinces Government recognises Nos. 19 and 27.

Assam Government recognises No. 20.

North West Frontier Province Government recognises all the examinations recognised by the Punjab University as equivalent to its Matriculation Examination.

Delhi Administration recognises Nos. 21, 22 and 23.

Baluchistan Administration recognises No. 27. Coorg Administration recognises Nos. 1, 3 and 25.

Bangalore Administration recognises Nos. 1, 3, 25 and the examinations recognised by the Government of Madras.

· By Order,

A. V. RAMANATHAN. Chief Secretary to Government.

#### GENERAL SECRETARIAT.

No. G. 10205—Mily. 231-35-2, dated 16th June 1936.

## Competitive examination in October 1936 for admission to the Indian Military Academy, Dehra Dun and to the Royal Indian Navy.

The following Notice dated the 19th May 1936 received from the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Simla, calling for applications for the above examination is published for general information.

Candidates from the Mysore State who desire to appear at the examination are required to submit the applications with necessary documents to the General Secretary to Government on or before the 1st July 1936.

Each candidate for the examination for admission to the Indian Military Academy, Dehra Dun, who is eligible for, and desires, a King Emperor Cadetship, should fill in, and submit, a copy of the Form of particulars relating thereto, along with his application.

Copies of Rules, Application Form, etc., can be had at the General nad Revenue

Secretariat, Bangalore.

By Order,

M. VENKATESA IYENGAR, Secretary to Government, General Department.

#### PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION (INDIA).

#### NOTICE.

A competitive examination will be held in Delhi on Monday 19th October, 1936, and subsequent days, for entry to the Indian Military Academy, Dehra Dun, in the term beginning on the 1st February, 1937, and also for entry to the Royal Indian Navy.

2. The examination will be a combined one for the purpose of filling vacancies in the Indian Military Academy and the Royal Indian Navy. A candidate may apply to be admitted to the examination for both or either. If he wishes to be admitted as a candidate for both, he should state this on his application form. Separate applications are not required.